## **Amendments to the Claims**

## This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A method of forming an optical communication path, comprising:
- a) creating a channel within a planar layer of a first substrate and a planar layer of a second substrate; and
  - b) forming at least a portion of an optical path within the channel of the first and second substrates; and
  - c) optically coupling with a switch the channel in the first substrate with the channel in the second substrate.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein step a) further comprises creating the channel using a selected one of a chemical, mechanical, and a thermal process to remove planar layer material.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein step a) comprises molding the planar layer with the channel.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein step a) further comprises:
- i) lithographically defining a location of the optical path on a face of the planar layer; and
- ii) etching the planar layer along the defined location of the optical path to create the channel.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein step b) further comprises filling the channel with an optical core medium.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein step b) further comprises:
  - i. depositing a first cladding portion within the channel; and

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- ii. depositing an optical core medium within the channel; and
- iii. depositing a second cladding portion over the optical core medium.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein one of the first and second cladding portions has an index of refraction less than an optical core medium index of refraction.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 6 wherein at least one of the first and second cladding portions is optically reflective along a side adjacent the optical core medium.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
  - i. depositing a cladding portion within the channel; and
  - ii. depositing an optical core medium within the channel.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9 wherein the cladding portion has an index of refraction less than an optical core medium index of refraction.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 9 wherein the cladding portion is optically reflective along a side adjacent the optical core medium.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the planar layer is a selected one of a conductor, nonconductor, and semiconductor layer.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein walls of the channel have a lower index of refraction than that of the optical core medium.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the optical path is substantially non-cylindrical.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - c) forming an electrical trace supported by the planar layer.

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- 16. (currently amended) A method of forming an optical communication path, comprising:
- a) providing a first planar layer having a channeled face defining a first channel;
- b) providing a second planar layer having a complementary channeled face defining a second channel; and
- c) placing the first and second planar layers such that the first and complementary second channels oppose each other to form a composite channel defining the optical path; and

d) providing vias through the first and second planar layers to connect the composite channel with different optical pathways.

- 17. (original) The method of claim 16 further comprising applying a reflective coating to the first and second planar layers.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 16 further comprising depositing an optical core medium within the first and second channels.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 16 further comprising filling the composite channel with an optical core medium.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 16 further comprising applying a reflecting coating over the first and second channels.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein the first and second channels have a semicircular cross-section.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein one of the first and second channels is created through a selected one of a chemical, mechanical, or thermal process applied to a planar layer.

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23. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein one of the first and second planar layers is molded with its respective channel.

24. – 49. (canceled)